

Better Futures

13 years

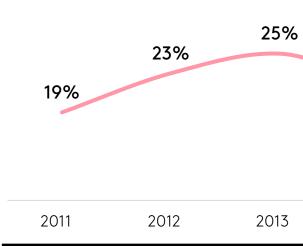
monitoring the issues New Zealanders care most deeply about

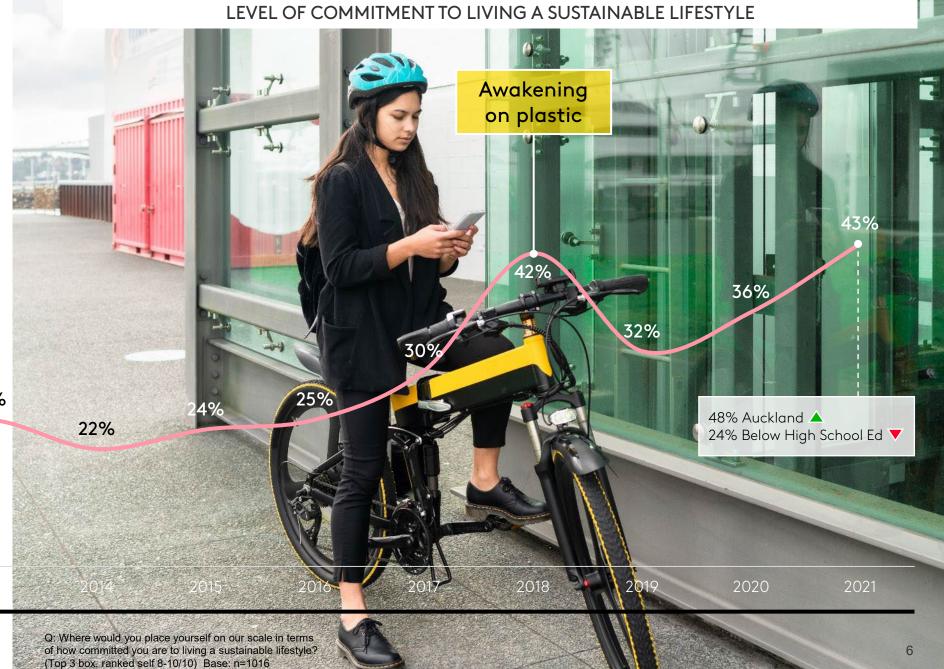


1. The current NZ landscape



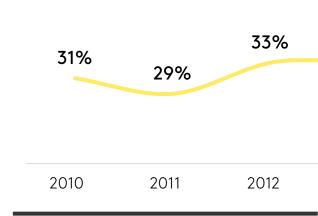
New Zealanders'
personal commitment
to living sustainably
continues an upward
trend

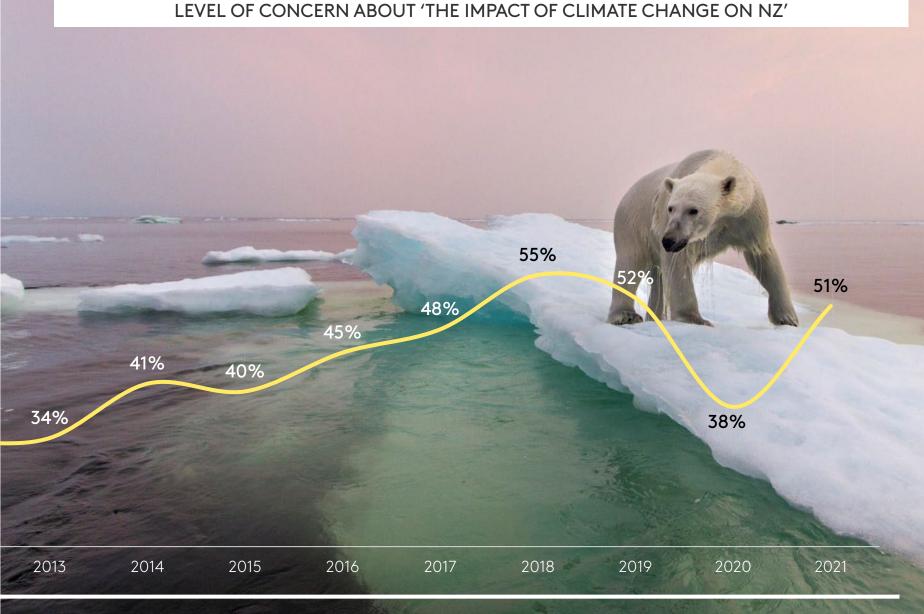




KANTAR

Concern about the impact of climate change on NZ has also rebounded after the initial shock of the pandemic





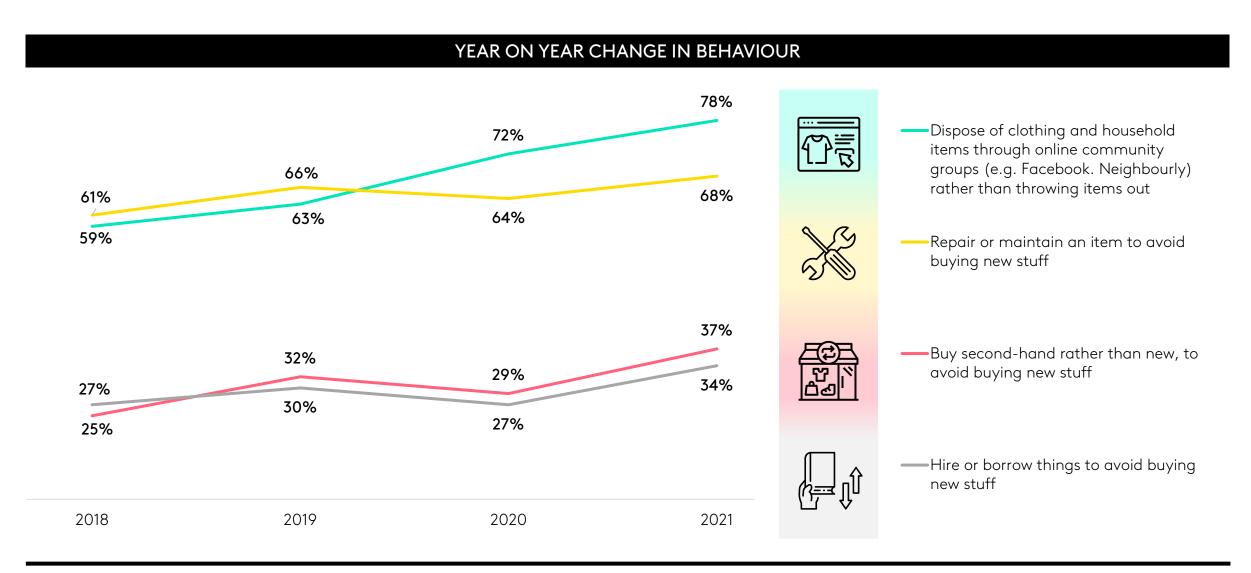
KANTAR





...some
behaviours
are starting
to stick!

In NZ, more people are claiming to undertake circular shopping behaviour







"One of the things that I'd like to be doing but I'm not doing is we have a local shop where you can go and fill your containers, and that's a really gratifying thing to do."

Female, 25-34, North Island (excl. Auckland and Wellington)

care about? What is it specifically? And how you feel about that?

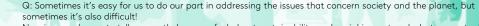




"Recently it made me very aware of what is going on out there. For me I try to recycle, upcycle, reuse, fix rather than throwing things away or thinking I'm always going to find a better option."

Female, 35-44, North Island (excl. Auckland and Wellington)





Now is your chance to tell us exactly how you feel about sustainability and social impact and what you actually do.
Give us some examples of when you are able to do something good about it!

Are there also any situations where you know you are not making the best choices/decisions on sustainability and social impact issues you care about? What is it specifically? And how you feel about that?

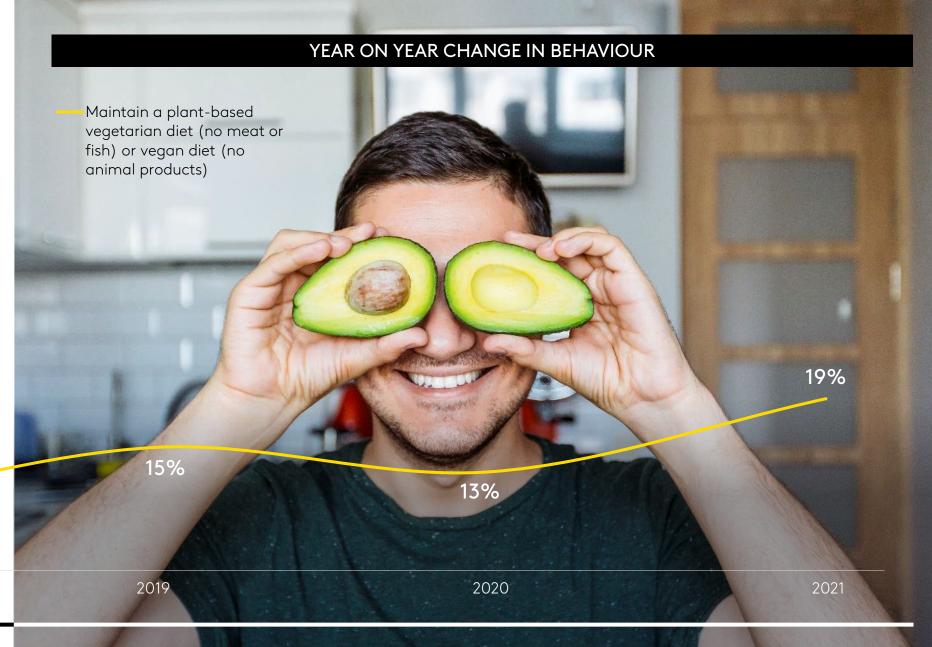


A 'flexitarian' approach to food is on the increase with more people choosing plantbased options

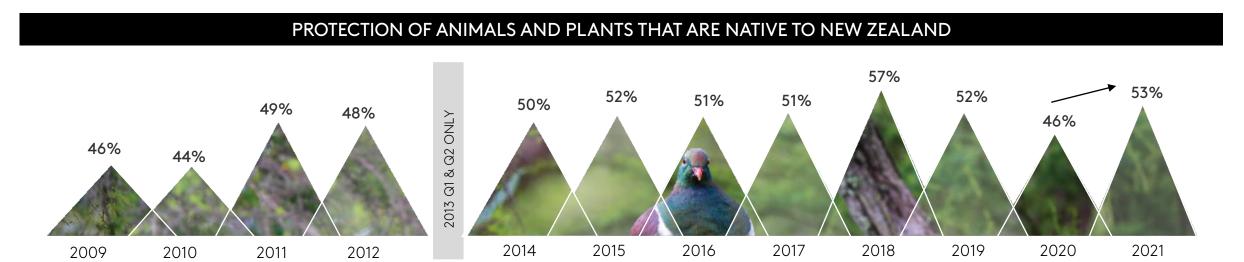




2018



For New Zealanders, the pandemic has also encouraged us to reconnect with nature and appreciate the importance of protecting the flora and fauna in our backyard.



LOSS OF BIODIVERSITY

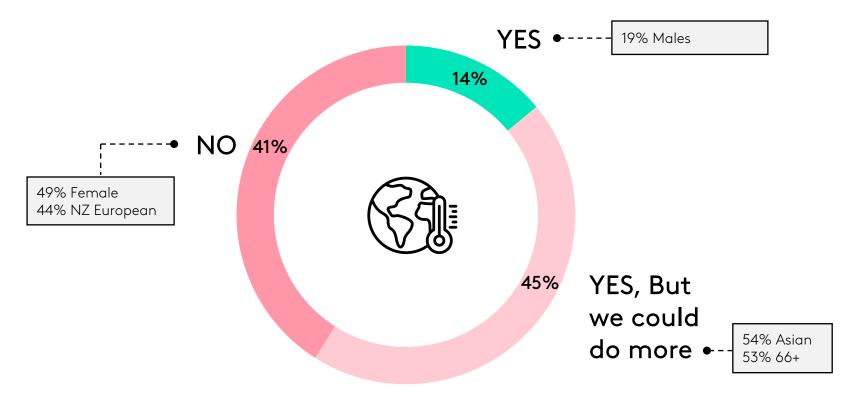




However, there is a clear call for more to be done to change lifestyles to avoid the increase in global temperature of more than 1.5 deg C



DO YOU FEEL NZ HOUSEHOLDS ARE DOING ENOUGH TO MEET THIS TARGET?



86% think we could do more



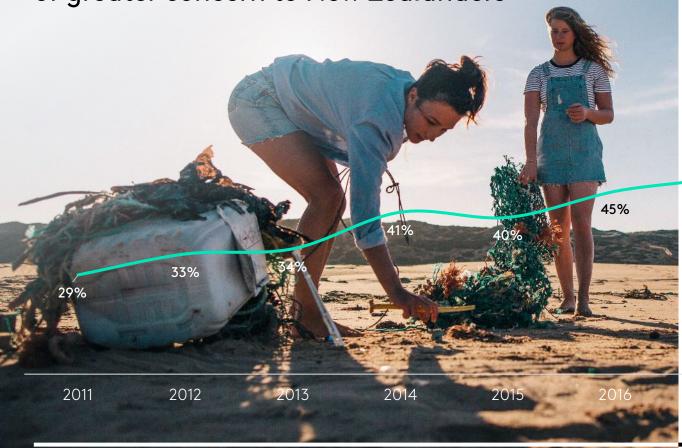
This is a challenge when top concerns to New Zealanders are not explicitly related to environmental sustainability.

In 2021, five of the top 10 concerns are social/wellbeing related and economic concerns have intensified.

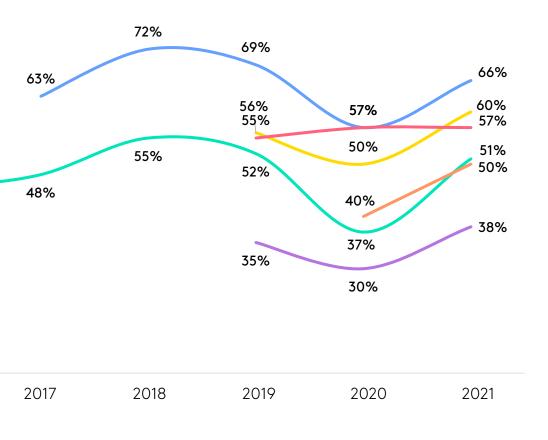




And even within a cluster of environmental concerns, it is the **visible** and **ownable** environmental issues of plastic, waste & recycling that remain of greater concern to New Zealanders



- Build-up of plastic in the environment
- —Too much waste / rubbish generated
- ---Not enough waste is recycled
- The impact of climate change on New Zealand
- Overconsumption and waste (food, clothes, etc.)
- —Too many carbon emissions (e.g. Pollution from farming, vehicles)

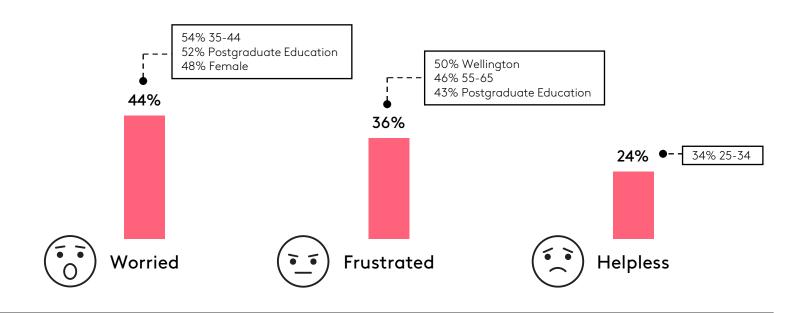


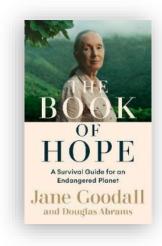
Navigating multiple priorities when thinking about the enormous issue of climate change inevitably produces a range of conflicting emotions

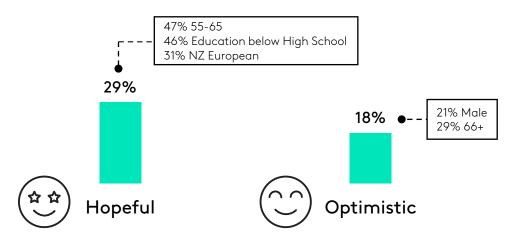
Different groups feel different emotions



FEELINGS TOWARDS CLIMATE CHANGE

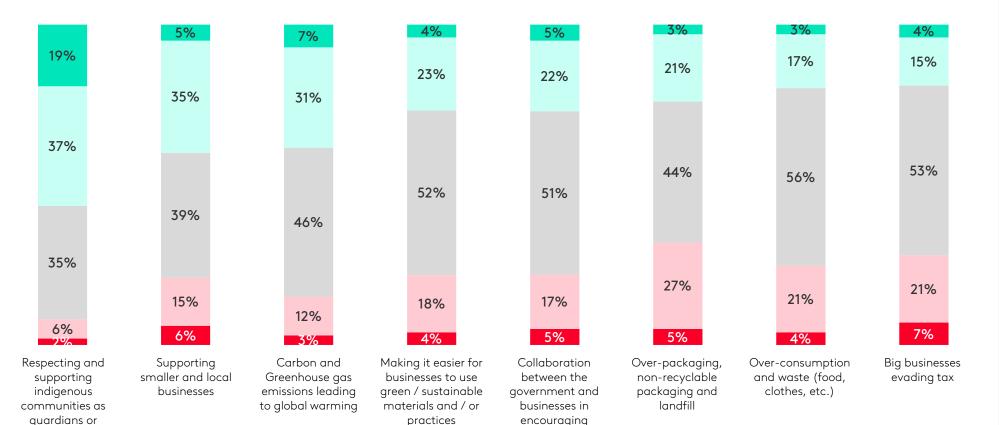








Despite 86% of New Zealanders thinking we could do more towards meeting the 1.5 degree target, we think we're doing relatively well compared to other countries on a number of sustainability issues





- Much better than other countries
- Somewhat better than other countries
- About the same as other countries
- Somewhat worse than other countries
- Much worse than other countries



custodians of their

lands for the next

generation

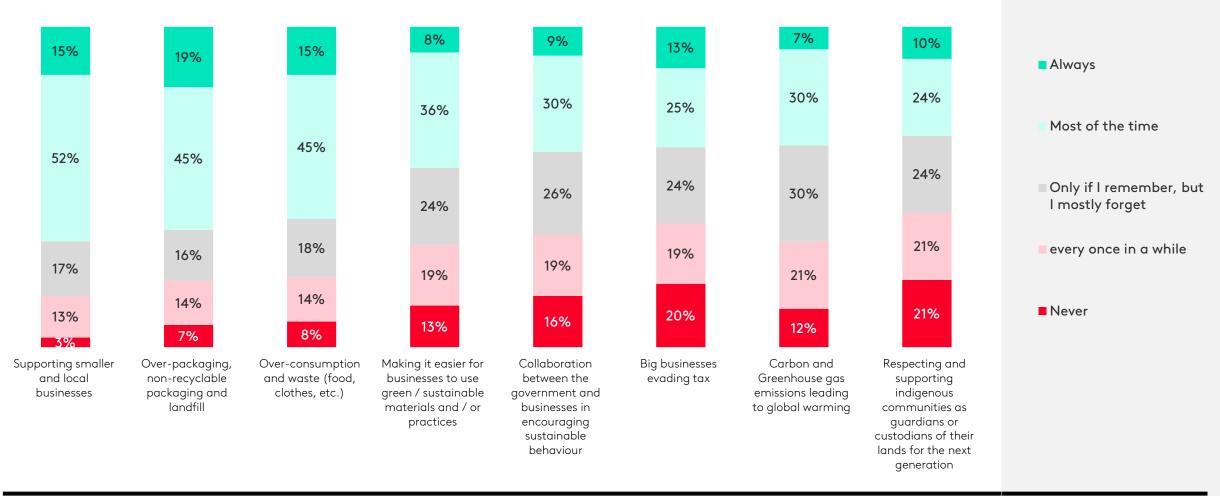
sustainable

behaviour



Also, many of us tend to limit our behaviour to those issues where we feel most empowered to make a difference i.e. waste, overconsumption and supporting local businesses.

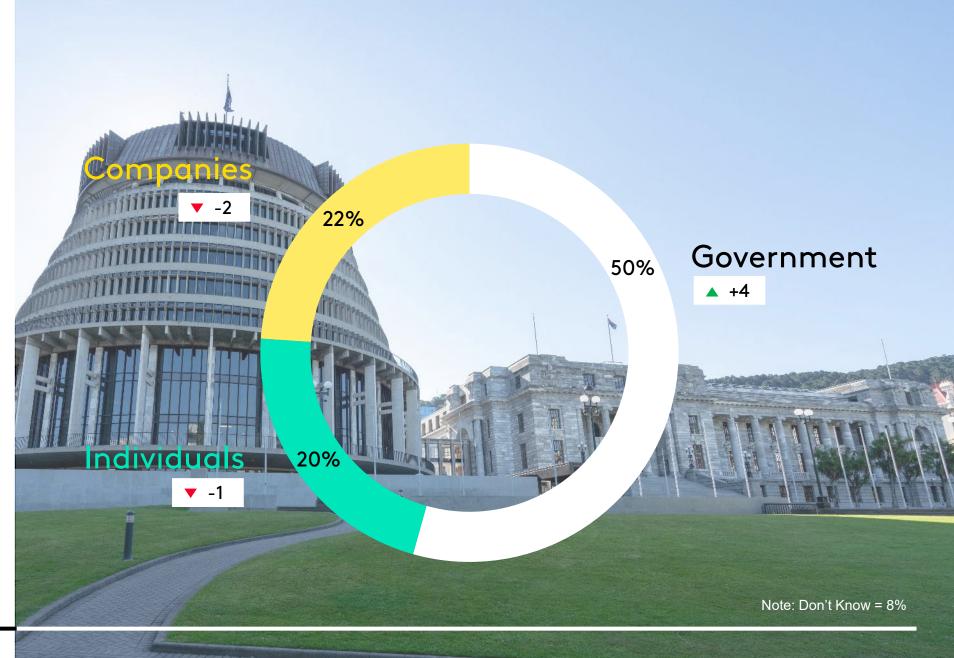






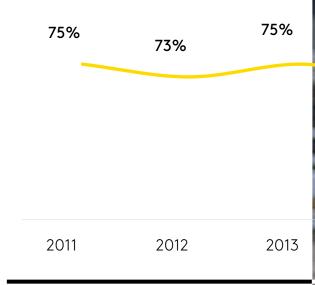
New Zealanders hold a strong belief that it is the government rather than individuals should lead the way

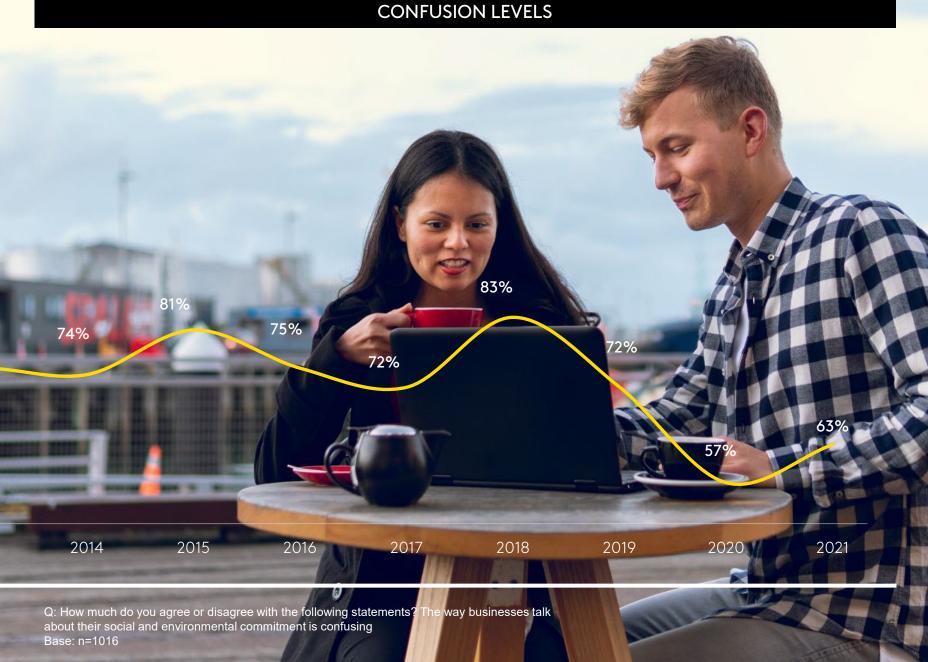




Q3D_2019: Who do you believe should lead the way on climate change?

Lack of messaging clarity from businesses continues to have a material impact upon inaction





KANTAR

There are also practical or systemic barriers to doing the 'right thing'



"The complexity of New Zealand's recycling system is a key barrier, as there is little uniformity across the 67 local councils dealing with waste and recycling."

KANTAR PUBLIC Journal 04 (turtl.co)

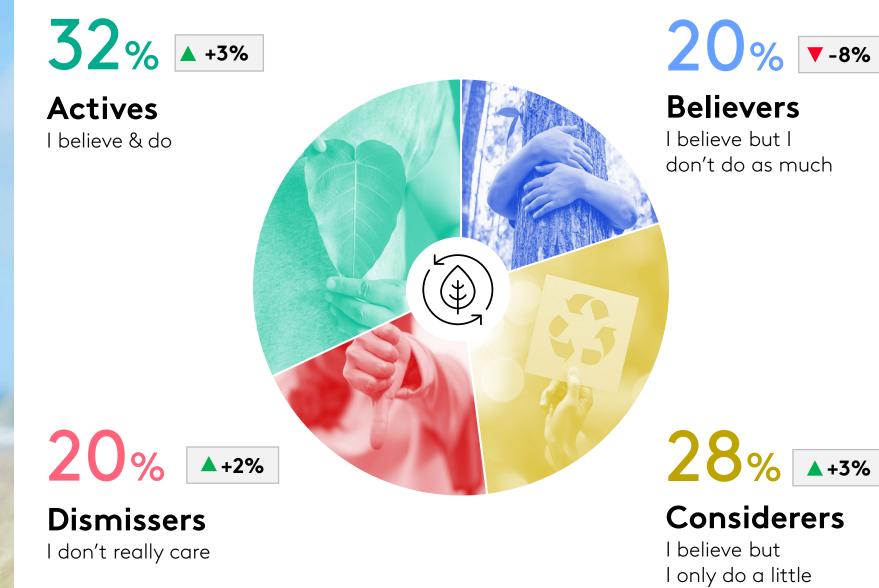


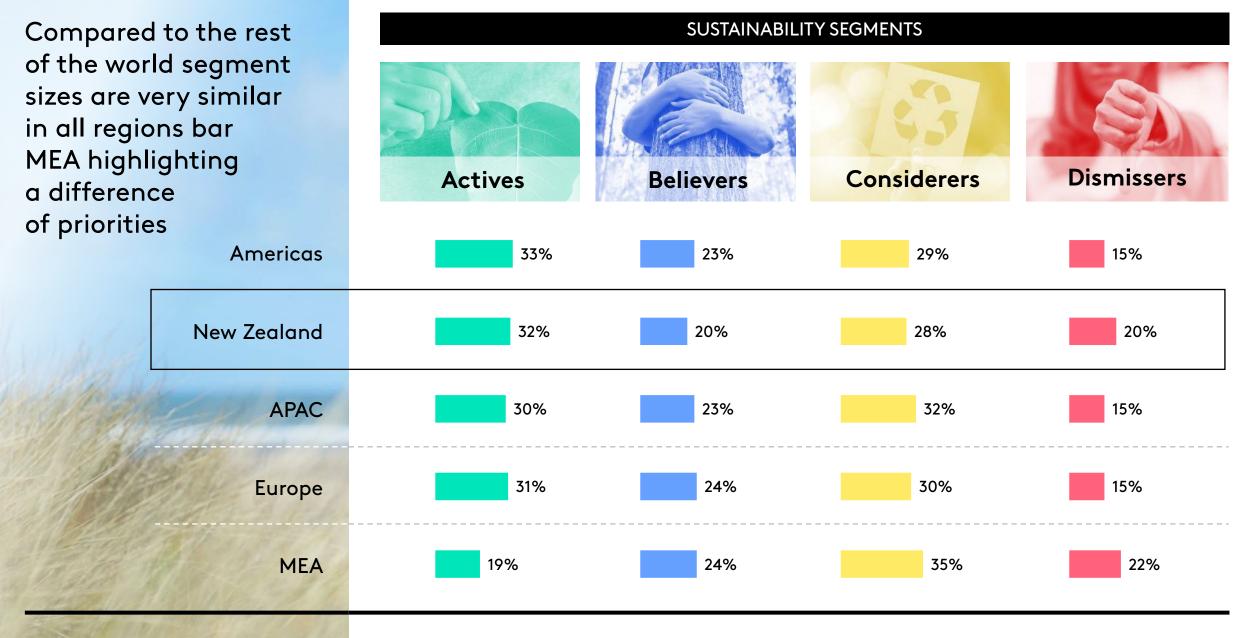
Finally, there is a range of more everyday, practical barriers for those who have good intentions. In 2021 'Effort" has entered our shared experience as a barrier to sustainable behaviours

BARRIERS COST **EFFORT** CONVENIENCE **KNOWLEDGE** COMFORT prioritise saving better choices can't be don't want don't have enough bothered to try require more to take the risk of information money over about how ethical/ saving the planet effort the sustainable trying something new (or less alternative sustainable different efficacious) products are



We know that not all consumers are on the same sustainable journey but we can clearly see the impact of COVID on Believers





KANTAR



'Actives' showed increased levels of private car usage and less reliance upon sustainability certification or consideration of energy use as a result of the pandemic

LESS LIKELY TO



-16% ▼







Use your own car, rather than thinking about using a car share scheme or renting

Buy brand new things, rather than bothering with second hand

Stick with your current electricity supplier, rather than switching to green energy (e.g. Solar, wind etc.)

MORE LIKELY TO



₱ 10% ▲



Base: 2021 n=161, 2020 n=97

Drive somewhere by car, rather than walking or bothering with public transport



1 9 % ▲





□ 10% ▲



Buy something without checking if it's Fairtrade

Buy products that are not certified sustainably sourced (e.g. Fish, wood, palm oil etc.)

Keep the heating/lights on and not really think about home energy use

Buy new clothes to wear to one occasion/event





'Believers' are currently less likely to invest the time & effort associated with everyday sustainable shopping habits, but COVID has allowed them time to experiment with dietary options and energy suppliers

LESS LIKELY TO



-15% •



-16% ▼



Stick with your current electricity supplier, rather than switching to green energy (e.g. Solar, wind etc.)

Stick to the diet you know, rather than trying the vegetarian or vegan option



MORE LIKELY TO



13% 🔺



12%



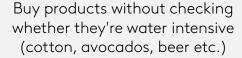
Buy packaged products, rather than bothering with bringing you own refill containers to the shop



12%



Buy something without checking if it's locally produced







People are seeking leadership from brands and businesses



Of people warn that companies placing profits before people will lose their trust forever **Edelman Trust Barometer**







Sustainability Leadership Measurement

Although brands with a clear sustainable message will continue to win, others need to work harder to prove their credentials

ecostore

AGREE

50

64% AGREE









Brand free zone





































A number of international brands have managed to successfully factor sustainability in their strategy...there is plenty to learn from these



































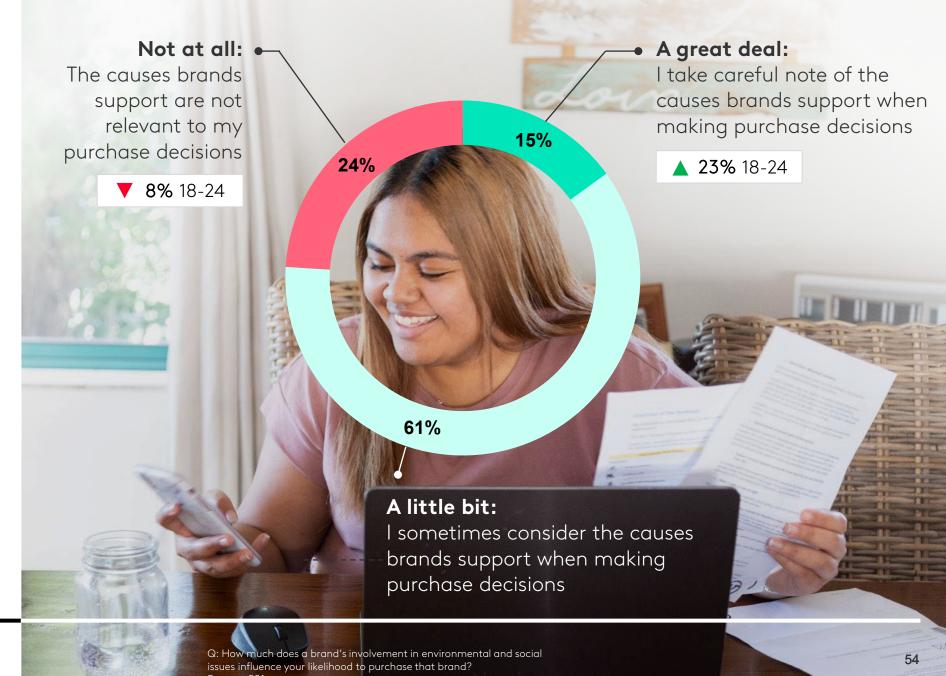








Young people in particular have strong views on the role of brands when they make decisions...





Key takeouts

Snapshot of NZ

With social, wellbeing and economic sustainability concerns intensifying amongst NZers - living more sustainably (particularly within financial means) will be a big driver of choice.

However, concern for climate change has rebounded and NZers desire more action towards the climate goal.

Companies need to identify social, economic and environmental issues that are relevant and meaningful to their sector at this point in time and to empower consumers to take action where they can.



Key takeouts

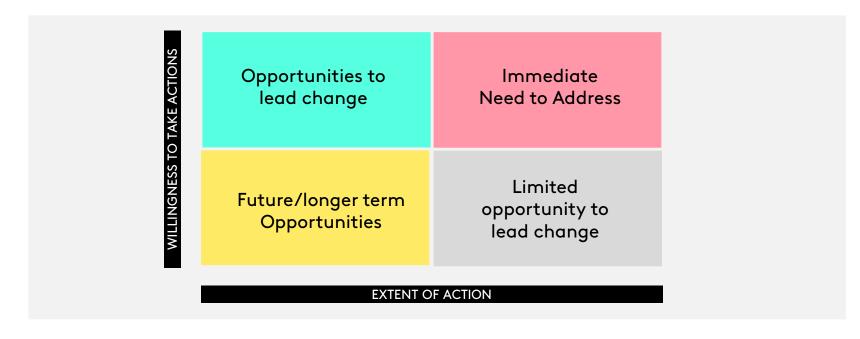
Closing the "Say Do" gap



The UN has defined closing the value-action gap as the goal in overcoming barriers to sustainable consumption

With 8 in 10 New Zealanders showing belief in the need to live more sustainably, there are significant opportunities for NZ businesses to solving consumers' tensions and making it easier for them to choose your brand.

Affordability and Effort (exacerbated due to Covid factors) are currently the major barriers to consumers making more sustainable choices. Addressing barriers is worth it – as seen in some long-term behavioural shifts



Key takeouts

The role of brands in communicating powerful sustainable messages

NZers expect business and brands to lead on sustainability – but they are also sceptical (particularly GenZ).

NZ brands leading in sustainability are advantaged by having it in their DNA. Other NZ brands are starting to get traction with their sustainable messages.

It is possible 'to reach' the people who are disengaged by the topic, but also it is possible to not engage with those people who are, if the messaging isn't right.

Successful communication is a balancing act between guilt, hope and inspiring action.

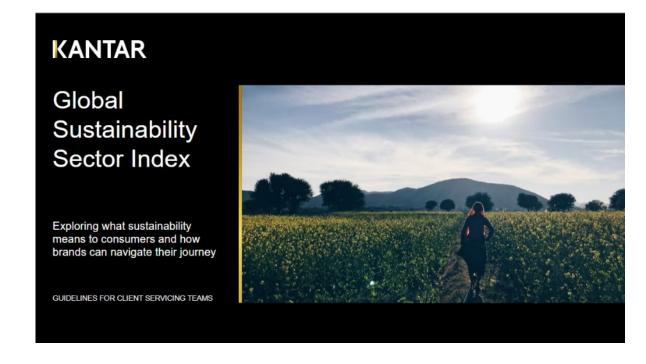






New Zealand has its own unique sustainability challenges, but we are following the same trajectory as the rest of the world.

For businesses with international interests, it's worth understanding the nuances of different markets – available through Kantar Sustainability Sector Index Reports for individual markets.



Get access to Global
Sustainability Sector
Index insight from all
over the world



35 markets

regions

